Based on the data of Basic Health Research in 2013, at least there are still 37.2% of 5 year old infants experiencing stunting in Indonesia. It means that there are approximately 9 out of 23 millions of 5 year old infants still experience stunting.

The data also shows that regions with poor sanitation conditions, marked with low household access to healthy toilets and low healthy living behaviour, in general has the high prevalence of stunting. Moreover, poor sanitation also correlates towards the high number of water borne diseases, such as diarrhea and malaria.

Sanitation integrated intervention through the 5 pillars of STBM (Community Based Total Sanitation) is predicted to be able to reduce 17% to 27% of stunting (Lancet, The Series, 2013) and eradicate the cases of diarrhea and malaria.

In SEHATI Programme, SIMAVI together with 5 local partners (Plan International Indonesia, Yayasan Masyarakat Peduli NTB, Yayasan Dian Desa, CD Bethesda YAKKUM, and Yayasan Rumsram) make efforts to improve the access to sanitation in 7 districts of Eastern Indonesia through local government capacity development and sanitation entrepreneurship through the approaches of 5 pillars of STBM. The seven locations of SEHATI are Lombok Utara, Lombok Timur, Dompu, Sumba Tengah, Sumba Barat Daya, Manggarai Barat and Biak Numfor.

The 5 pillars of STBM in accordance to the mandate of Permenkes (Ministry of Health Regulation) No. 3/2014 are: 1) STOP open defecation 2) hand-washing with soap 3) drinking water treatment and food safe storage 4) household solid waste management 5) household liquid waste management.

Since its implementation in April 2016 until June 2018, various achievements have been well accomplished both at the government level and community level summarized in the following factsheet:
Since 2016, SEHATI has been implemented in 215 villages, 51 sub-districts and 7 districts in Indonesia.

The implementation of the 5 pilar STBM has been replicated in 145 villages. In total of 360 villages have been intervened.

SEHATI has declared 41 ODF dan 34 STBM villages in SEHATI area. Whilst in replication areas, 14 ODF dan 9 STBM villages have been reached.

Total number of intervened people is 510,422 people. Among them, 356,052 people have had access to improved sanitation dan 492,507 people have had access to clean water.

4,181 people have been trained and guided as a STBM team members.

78 people have been trained to be sanitation entrepreneurs to produce and market sanitation products and services.

The district government has allocated budget in the amount of EUR 1.7 Million whereas the village government has allocated EUR 2.3 Million to implement the 5 pillars of STBM.

At least there have been issued 3 Regional Regulations, 7 Mayor’s Regulations, and 7 Mayor’s Decrees in relation to the implementation of the 5 pillars of STBM. These regulations help to ensure sustainable implementation.

Based on capacity and 5 pillars of STBM monitoring in June 2018

For further information please visit our office:
Simavi Indonesia Office
Bintaro Business Center
Jl. RC Veteran No. 1i – Bintaro, Pesanggrahan, Jakarta Selatan

Or contact us:
Asken Sinaga (Country Representative)
+6281297985910
Asken.Sinaga@Simavi.nl